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## THE DAILY NEWS.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1877.

THE Journal is afflicted with Julianism.

SPEAKER RANDALL has a fine chance to make a spoon or spoil a horn.

If it be true as rumor has it, according to the Journal, which is a pretty good sign it isn't, that George W. Julian is maneuvering for the democratic nomination to the senate, Indiana will be a gainer if he wins.

ENGLAND'S obelisk was lost in a gale en route, and New York's promises to be lost in the assertion of a prior claim to ownership by the Austro-Italian city of Trieste. It is not improbable that the sunken obelisk can be grappled and raised.

STROUTON, Bristow and now Wayne McVeagh of Pennsylvania are booked for the English mission according to newspaper reports. It is safe to say that if the latter gets it the fact that Ben Butler is not in the senate is not the only one that would restrain him from voting against his confirmation.

POSTMASTER FILLEY, of St. Louis, according to report, has been using United States mail wags to haul voters to the polls, and otherwise conducting himself as if he wanted to be instructed as to whether he is a vassal or a peer. Mr. Filley, we believe, was Senator Morton's choice for postmaster general under the new administration.

THE hundredth anniversary of Burgoyne's surrender was celebrated yesterday at Schuylerville, New York, by an immense concourse of people, which fired salutes, paraded and listened to addresses by Horatio Seymour and George William Curtis. The latter's effort was one of the finest of the many he has placed to his credit on the record of fame. The oration might take rank among the classics.

THE change in the face of affairs in the east recalls the early days of the war. The Russians have given Mukhtar Pasha a tremendous thrashing in Asia Minor, shattering his army in pieces and cooping him up in Kars. In Europe activity around Plevna is announced, and doleful reports come from the beleaguered city of the extremities of the Turks. On the other hand the weather has made the roads impassable and has brought disease, which makes privation and death among the Russians. "He wins who can pound longest."

THEY are to approve or disapprove by popular vote in Switzerland in a few days a law passed by the last parliament for the protection of workmen. It is as broad as the most sanguine "citizen of the world" would require. It is a factory law which brings any establishment where any number of working people are regularly employed within its scope. No factory will be allowed to work more than eleven hours in twenty-four, except by special permission. No new factory can be built or an old one altered without a submission of the plans to the Cantonal authorities and their permission. The buildings must be properly ventilated, lighted and rendered comfortable "by every precaution of which science has revealed the necessity or taught the practicability." Every factory must have its rules approved by the Cantonal authorities and the employed before they can be valid. Minute records must be kept of every person employed. Fines to go to the benefit of the employed. Minute directions hedge in every kind of work. Married women are to be allowed an extra half hour at noon, and so forth and so on to the smallest details. If this law is passed though the results may be easily guessed at, it will be interesting to watch them.

SINCE the Ohio election and the Hendricks reception the Journal has been treating its readers to doses of the old regulation campaign-slander stuff—allopathic doses, large and nauseating. They concern everything and everybody democratic. Abusive epithets, representations and misrepresentations are hurled with a recklessness which betokens more love for a row than for the truth. It accuses Governor Hendricks of being a church member and insinuates that he teaches a class in Sunday school and solemnly assures him for about the thousandth time in the last ten years that he has been "slaughtered in the house of his friends." It abuses Mr. Julian generally, seeming to reckon as his worst offense his loyalty to the union and his expressed desire during the war to see the christless rebels licked out of their boots. Really the worst thing it says of him is that he writes the Sentinel's editorials—a base slander we take it. Abusing the democracy it goes blind with rage, so that in one column it denies with a free flow of billingsgate that which it asserts in another. Thus: Belaboring the Indiana democracy it informs it that it is only

the tail of the party; that its cry of fraud does not guide the party, but that the southern democracy, which is its body and soul takes its stand on the higher ground surveyed for it by Aleck Stephens, and gives proof of this stand by its election of Mr. Randall. In another column devoted to damning Randall it says he represents the worst school of politics, and all the worst elements of the democracy; that he has worked his way by corrupt arts to the front rank of a corrupt party, and "on this account" is elected to the speakership. As Mr. Watterson would say, "It is so easy to bandy epithets, to squib and fib."

### How They Do It in France.

To an American familiar with the campaign processes and calculations of our elections, the estimates of what this state will do, and that one can't do, and how many congressmen the republicans will lose and what the democratic chances of the next legislature and federal senatorship are, it is rather interesting to get behind the bare announcements of the cable into the particulars of the French election calculations, what one saw and the other expected, what the consequences would be if either succeeded or was disappointed, and what analogy human nature would maintain between two nations so differently constituted than so similarly situated as the French and Americans on the eve of an election. The New York Herald furnishes the means, in a measure, of making this inquisition, in a two-page dispatch from Paris giving the results of interviews with the leading statesmen and editors of the republican and government parties touching the prospects and effects of the election which was to take place the next day. It may be that the dispatch was largely compounded in New York, of brief hints by the cable diffused into elaborate sketches, but there is no doubt some substance of truth in it if a could deal of shrewd guessing as well. Reports are given of what some forty leading men thought on three points, how the elections would result, what action would follow, and what Mr. Grevy's chances were. It is rather amusing to see how very like American politicians French politicians are, and how surely party inclinations fix opinions of results. The republicans like Grevy and Victor Hugo and Gambetta and Girardin and Jules Simon counted confidently on the return of 380 to 420 republican deputies, or a positive increase of strength of 20 to 60 members over the now celebrated 363 who voted the government down and got dissolved for it. The majority ranged along about 400, Grevy's dropping to 380 or 390 and Hugo poetically going up to 420, or about 100 more than the polls showed to support poetry. The conservatives differed of course about as widely as well informed republicans would differ from democrats here. Rouher, the longest headed man in France since Thiers died, thought the government would gain 80 members, not a majority. Bishop Dupanloup thought the government could not get a majority, but might; Duke D'Audiffret-Pasquier believed the government would gain enough to give the balance of power to the left center; the duellist and imperialist Paul de Cassagnac said the government would get enough to hold 230, or a gain of 70; M. Villemessant, of Figaro, counted on 60 to 80; M. DeLamary, of Le Monde, made it 60 to 80; M. Gal, of La Liberté, 80.

The republicans counted upon 400 generally and confidently. They got 314 and will have finally 335, a clear loss of 28 instead of a gain of nearly 40. The conservatives counted on gaining from 80 to 100, and actually gained 43. The former guessed wrong by about 70, the latter by 40 to 60. The government estimates were generally the more moderate, and as a rule the moderate estimates are the most likely to come out of the ballot boxes. The adherents of the president had the best chance to guess in having control of the election officers and the local agencies through which popular feeling could be either ascertained or controlled. The republicans generally thought that their victory would force the president out of the way, and make a final settlement of all dynastic and constitutional questions by a firm and moderate republic. The Duke d'Audiffret Pasquier, who is a moderate republican inclining to the Orleans party, thought the effect of the elections would be to make the left center, or moderate republicans, "masters of the situation." So thought Mr. Bapet, of Des Debats, a republican paper, and M. Veillot, the fiery ultramontane, who would burn the country alive to carry a point for the papacy; and M. Hebrard, of Le Temps, republican, manifestly a cautious and therefore a safe man. The opinion that the upshot of the matter would be, sooner or later, a restoration of the Bonaparte dynasty was universal among the editors and leading men of that faction, by all odds the strongest that supports MacMahon, and virtually the only party in the country except the republican. But nobody, even of the legitimists, appeared to think of the restoration of the Bourbons in either branch. As neither the republicans nor conservatives have done what they expected in the elections, it is reasonable to conclude that neither will do what it expected to have power to do from the elections. The president will not hurry a collision to make another dissolution, for the republican strength is too manifest to be prudently assailed without thorough preparation. The republicans will hardly press a removal of the president with so large a gain in his favor though it be less than he expected. The

probabilities appear to be in favor of a truce which will put off the decisive struggle till 1880. It was said by our dispatches yesterday that the government meant to make a special effort to carry the election of arondissement councillors and general councillors next month, these being the electors of senators and one chance of balancing the republican ascendancy in the chamber. Success here would seem likely to strengthen the equality of the antagonists and the chances of a compromise. As to M. Grevy as the successor of MacMahon few treated the suggestion with any consideration.

### National Congressional Council.

The National council of the Congregational churches in the United States met in triennial session in the Woodward-avenue church, Detroit, yesterday. More than 250 delegates were in attendance from Maine to Oregon and California. The council organized by electing ex-Governor Washburne, of Massachusetts, as moderator, with President A. L. Chapin, of Beloit college, Wisconsin, and Hon. Charles G. Hammond, of Chicago, as assistants. The officers of the last session were re-elected, with the exception of Langdon Ward, as auditor, in place of Hon. Charles Theodore Russell, who declined.

### Tabby Hol.

The greatest of the cat races ever held in Belgium came off recently at Belce, near Bonsecours. There were seventy entries for the chief prize. The animals were carried some four miles from the village in baskets, and there let loose. Of course they all ran home swiftly. Minette, a pretty white cat with a pensive eye, reached the town first and won the first prize—a silver coffee pot. Lolo, a big tortoise shell, which had been made the favorite in the betting, jumped the course, and has not since been heard of.

### Riots and Insurrections in Russia.

A St. Petersburg dispatch states that there have been serious riots at Lavator, Polish Russia, and that 140 persons have been killed and wounded.

Advices from Warsaw state that insurrectionary movements are apprehended in Russian Poland since the withdrawal of the troops. An imperial proclamation has already been sent to the local authorities for publication on the first emergency calling on the peasants to assist the Russian government against the nobility and townspeople.

### Embezzlers Coming to Grief.

In the United States court at Leavenworth yesterday, before Judge Foster, J. S. Trasker, president of the First National bank of Wichita, Kansas, was convicted and sentenced to five years in the state penitentiary of Missouri, for the crime of embezzlement of the bank's funds. J. G. Wright, bookkeeper, was convicted of fraudulent alteration of the books of the bank, under direction of the president. He had not yet been sentenced. J. W. Eldridge, cashier, has had his trial, and the jury are now out.

### Rev. E. T. Baird Acquitted.

Rev. E. T. Baird, secretary of the Presbyterian committee on publication of the southern general assembly, indicted for embezzlement of the funds of the committee, has been honorably acquitted. After examination of the three principal witnesses, Judge Guion stated he saw no necessity for further proceedings. His opinion was coincided by the prosecuting attorney, and the jury, without leaving their seats, rendered a verdict of not guilty.

### The San Francisco Custom House All Right.

The report of the commission to investigate the operations and conduct of the San Francisco mint and custom house is made public. The commission unanimously report, as the result of their investigation, that the custom service at the port of San Francisco is intelligently and efficiently performed, and on the whole, the revenue honestly and economically collected.

### Society Meetings.

The Improved Order of Red Men are in session at Muncie; the grand lodges of Masons at Columbus and Louisville; the Foresters at Louisville; the American gas association at Cincinnati; the Carriage builders at New Haven; the National christian temperance union at Cleveland; the Brotherhood of locomotive engineers at Boston, and the National beekeepers at New York.

### Rapid Transit.

The Australian steamer arrived at San Francisco yesterday morning, with the British mails two hours after the departure of the overland train. The mails were put on a special train, with instructions to overtake the express train, and by making close connection at New York, Wednesday, with the steamer Abyssinia for Liverpool, it is expected to deliver the Sydney mails in London in thirty-nine days.

### Forgery Discovered.

A Springfield, Illinois, dispatch says that forged drafts, amounting with interest to \$10,000, purporting to have been drawn on the old commissioners' fund of March, 1840, have been discovered. They were presented for payment by Fred. White, of New York, last winter, since when a careful investigation has been made, which has shown them to be forgeries.

### The Obelisk Lost.

The steamer Olga has arrived at Falmouth and reports that she was compelled to abandon the Cleopatra obelisk off Cape Finisterre, Sunday night, during a tremendous gale. The crew on the craft which contained the obelisk were transferred to the Olga, but not until the Olga had lost her second mate and five hands in her endeavor to rescue them.

### Imprecunious Tweed.

Tweed was before the investigating committee of aldermen yesterday, and said, among other things, "I now affirm, and am willing to submit to the closest investigation in regard to it, that I am not to-day the owner of any money nor property of any kind whatever, from which \$50,000 could be realized."

### Morton's Misery.

John S. Morton, ex-president of the Market street railroad, Philadelphia, has been arrested on a charge of perjury. The complainant is George W. Vickers, Morton's secretary, who, on Morton's testimony, was placed under bail for trial. The charge is based on Morton's own testimony.

### Under the Violets.

Her hands are cold; her face is white;  
Her eyes are shut to life and light;  
Fold the white vesture, snow on snow,  
And lay her where the violets bloom.

But not beneath a grave stone,  
To plead for tears with alien eyes;  
A slender cross of wood alone  
Shall say that there a maiden lies  
In peace beneath the peaceful skies.

And gray old trees of largest limb  
Shall wheel their circling shadows round,  
To make the scorching sunlight dim  
That driks the greenness from the ground,  
And drops her dead leaves on her mound.

When o'er their boughs the squirrels run,  
And through their leaves the robins call,  
And, ripening in the autumn sun,  
The acorns and the chestnuts fall,  
Doubt not that she will heed them all.

For her the morning choir shall sing  
Its matins from the branches high,  
And every minstrel to his spring  
Shall trill beneath the April sky  
Shall greet her with its earliest cry.

When, turning round their dial track,  
Eastward the lengthening shadows pass,  
Her little mourners clad in black,  
The cricket, sliding through the grass,  
Shall pipe her evening mass.

At last the rootlets of the trees  
Shall find the prison where she lies,  
And bare the buried dust they seize  
In leaves and blossoms to the skies.  
So may the soul that warmed it rise!

If any, born of kindly blood,  
Should ask, What maiden lies below?  
Say only this: A tender bud,  
That tried to bloom in the snow,  
Lies withered where the violets blow.

—(OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES.)

### SCRAPS.

Grape juice flavors apple butter acceptably.

Hickory nuts are now picked out by a machine.

An ingenious boot-black in New York blacks boots by steam.

The Chinese language is spoken by about 350,000,000 people. The English language is spoken by from 80,000,000 to 85,000,000.

We can not see, at present, how the republicans can do better than to nominate Elihu B. Washburne, of Illinois, as their candidate for president in 1880.—[Philadelphia Record.]

During the 24 hours ending Sunday evening, 122 boats' tolls, aggregating over \$9,100, cleared on the Erie canal at Buffalo, being the heaviest business done in the same time for five years.

Judge Kelley will be the senior republican and Mr. Randall the senior democrat in the present house of representatives. The former began his continuous service in the 37th congress, and the latter in the 38th congress.

"Fellow travellers" said a colored preacher, if I had been eatin' dried apples for a week, and den took to drinkin' for a month, I couldn't feel more swelled up den I am dis mit with pride and vanity at seeing such a full attendance here."

Mr. Blaine's correspondent (by cable), Josiah Caldwell, is living in sumptuous style in London, but not paying his debts, as mournfully records an American creditor for \$6,000, who took judgment against him in both countries but unsuccessfully.

The strike of 5,000 cigar makers in New York has a woman among its leaders. Mary Heister is the vice president of the new organization, and seems to have the tongue and the will of a commander. In a city of revolutions she might have a future.

Mr. Myron W. Whitney met with great success in San Francisco, whither he went to sing at the California state musical convention, which closed September 14. He had a benefit on the 17th ult., which was very largely attended, and at which Miss Cary, among other artists, sang.

A new sect called the "Purifiers," belonging to the Greek church, has sprung up in Russia. Their leading doctrine is that all people must marry on coming of age; that the husband must be subordinate to the wife, and recognize her as the head of the family; and that once a week he must confess his sins to his wife.

Wagner, having abandoned all hopes of another play at Bayreuth, is going to establish a conservatory there to be opened on the 1st of January. The course is to occupy nine months a year for six years. It is proposed to give gratuitous instruction, but the student will have to compete for admission after studying at an elementary school.

The colonial possessions of France are dispersed over Asia, Africa, America and Polynesia, and embrace, including the colonies under protection, a total area of 463,827 square miles. Of these there are in Asia, five in Africa, four in America, and three in Polynesia. The protected countries number one in Asia and four in Polynesia.

An English book dealer says no American publishing house ever got out a book equal to the general style of printing in vogue in England. He does not refer to binding or outside show, but to the print, the taste, the ink, and the quality of the paper. In some particular the American book is sure to fail, be it only in the proportions of margins.

During the last nine months the United States exported to England 86,132,730 pounds of fresh beef and 1,883,850 pounds of mutton. The total exports of meats to the old world for the period mentioned amounted in value to \$11,226,560. There were also exported 12,828,630 pounds of butter and 75,917,443 pounds of cheese, an increase in these lines of 33 per cent. over 1876.

"Now, Johnnie, give me a sentence containing a noun, and a pronoun relating to it." Johnnie looked up at the ceiling, and then at the floor, and finally, almost in despair, glanced out of the window. Then his countenance changed, and pointing to some fellow in the street that could be seen from the school room, exclaimed, "Them is hens, and they're all shes."—[Troy Times.]

### True Wisdom.

[Chicago Times.]

Randall's pole will not knock down the persimmon; the pole was long enough, but he commenced striking out for the fruit before he came within reach of the tree.

—[Globe-Democrat.]

Why will editors who are not sons of prophets dispose themselves in these cheap styles? Prediction after the result is safest.

### Fact! Fact! I Assure You.

[Vagrant item.]

The anti-resumption strikers may as well save their wind. The resumption act will not be repealed. A presidential veto will block the way.

### Succeeds Morton.

Hamlin succeeds Morton as chairman of the foreign relations committee at Morton's request.

### Quickest on Record.

At the Susquehanna regatta at Oswego, to-day, Courtney won the first prize, \$200, making a mile and a half and returning in two minutes, fourteen and three-quarter seconds, the fastest time on record. Riley was second and Johnson third.

### San Francisco Election.

The election count is completed except a few small precincts. Louderback, taxpayer, for police judge, beats Bradford, democrat, about 2,300; Ferrel, democrat, for city criminal judge, beats Cary, taxpayer, about \$1,000.

### Iron Workers' Strike.

The iron workers in the Clyde ship building yards have demanded an increase of wages. The masters have resolved on a lockout which will involve 2,000 men.

### A Criminal Warden.

Governor Garber, of Nebraska, has removed Captain Wyman, warden of the state penitentiary. The gravest crimes are charged against him.

### A Great Truth.

[Detroit Free Press.]

"We have always loved you," says Grant in every one of his speeches to the English. Yes, and we can do it again!

### Gin House Burned.

The gin house of Jeff. Fletcher, below Little Rock, Arkansas, was burned Saturday. Loss \$30,000; no insurance.

### CITY NEWS.

Minnie Greshmeyer is suing E. A. Fay, in Esq. Wright's court, for bastardy.

Brad Miller has put \$10,000 into the Bates house, which will open November 1.

The council committee appointed to investigate Street Commissioner Fulmer, will meet this evening.

Thieves went through city jailer McCain's house in Indianapolis last night, and carried off his stores of provisions.

The last meeting of the Louisiana colonists prior to leaving, will be held at 72 East Market street, this evening.

A horse and wagon were stolen from George Behringer's place of business, on South street, early this evening.

Charles R. Phipps has been qualified as administrator of the estate of the late I. N. Phipps, giving bond in the sum of \$36,000.

The German Catholic fair, at Mozart hall, is continuing with marked success. To-night is the last night, and the hall will doubtless be crowded.

Commissioner Remy modifies his withdrawal and says he would like to be sheriff, but don't think he can ever make it. Mr. Remy is a divinator.

The first escape of city prisoners from the House of the Good Shepherd took place yesterday, Alice Burgess being the name of the one setting this fugacious example.

Attorney General Buskirk gives as his official opinion that married women are ineligible to the office of school director, and if elected can not be legally qualified.

Mrs. John Trainer testified in the city court yesterday afternoon that she could not tell whether the wound in her cheek was caused by her own carelessness or her husband's muscle, and the mayor dismissed the case against him.

A farmer's wagon filled with potatoes sprung a leak this morning as it came up Virginia avenue to the market. The farmer discovered the loss of his load in looking back in answer to a youthful admonition to "cut behind." A train of people followed the rural philanthropist, gathering the tubers as they fell.

Arrangements were originally made to have the pay roll of employees at the state fair made payable to the men through one agent, but at the last moment the plan was changed and now the secretary finds that some of the men who were credited with two and four days on the roll at \$1.50, only claim one and two days at \$1.22.

James S. Hibben, of the firm of Hibben, Pattison & Co., died yesterday. He was born at Washington, Ohio, in 1822, and although educated for the Presbyterian ministry, chose a mercantile career, which he followed with success. He was proficient in six languages and an acquired with standard scientific authors, besides being well versed in the history of the world.

Committees representing the faculty and students of Butler university this morning accompanied the remains of the late Prof. John Hopkins to Ladoga. It is as yet undetermined whether Jeremiah Anderson, who endowed the chair of Greek language and literature in the sum of \$20,000, or the board of trustees, will have the filling of the vacancy. Prof. Hopkins having failed to nominate his successor as he had the privilege of doing.

The contract awarded to John Martin was simply for the brick work of the soldiers' orphans' home at Knightstown. The contracts made for the various classes of work are as follows: John Martin, brick work, \$4,300; Thomas Richter, carpentering and lumber, \$12,500; Cornelius & Boring, plastering, \$3,445; Hens Watts, of Knightstown, painting, \$1,873; T. A. Sanders, painting, \$875; Coulter & Co., plumbing, \$750. These with other small contracts, will run the total cost of the buildings and improvements up to \$26,000. Of this amount the trustees have \$23,500 on hand and will have no difficulty in raising the remainder. The work, which is under the supervision of architect Isaac Taylor of this city, was commenced to-day and will be pushed to completion with all possible rapidity. As before noticed the new building will be two stories in height, the addition of a wing giving more room than was afforded in the old building, which was three stories high.

### Base Ball.

\*During their last tour the Bostons have met with a succession of disastrous defeats, having been beaten by every club in New York, excepting the Buffaloes. The bad luck followed them west, and yesterday the Louisville Grays rubbed it in on the champions by a score of 2 to 0. The game was not a particularly lively one and neither of the runs scored were earned.

This afternoon the Louisville and Indianapolis team are playing the last professional game of the season, and to-morrow the Blues will be disbanded, though the members will engage in a game Saturday for the benefit of "Modoc," the janitor of the grounds.

The management is yet undecided upon the question of the selection of a manager, Chapman of the Louisville and Harry Deane of this city, being most prominently named. Both candidates are thorough gentlemen.

### The Eleventh Reunion.

The last meeting preparatory to the reception of the eleventh Indiana regiment will be held at the armory, this evening. Persons having provisions for the dinner are desired to send them to Masonic hall at 8 o'clock Friday morning. The line of march of the parade to-morrow will be from the State house east on Washington street to East, north on East to New York, west on New York to Meridian, south on Meridian to South, and thence east to the base ball park, where the parade drill and bayonet exercise will be given, the latter by the Montgomery guards commanded by Gen. Lew Wallace.

### Y. M. C. A. Committees.

The Y. M. C. A. appointed its standing committees for the ensuing year at the meeting last night. The list is as follows:

On Meetings—Will S. Mathers, C. D. Meigs, Adams, A. F. Potts and John L. Griffiths.

On Finance—C. Haynes, L. Lovett, W. H. Edwin and George H. Webster.

On Library and Rooms—T. C. Horton, John G. Blake and G. W. Alexander.

On Hotels and Boarding Houses—Mr. Townsend, W. R. Moore and J. Barth.

On Railroads—P. Pease, John McNeely and Quint Campbell.

On Missions—L. W. Braden, C. B. Monfort and L. Ketcham.

On Statistics—M. Hazard, W. C. Smith and W. Riley.

On Lectures and Sermons—E. W. Hallford, D. S. Alexander and J. G. Kingsbury.

On Reception—W. M. D. Hall, Ed. C. Deems and John A. Detrick.

Executive Committee—Wilson Morrow, Meridian Street M. E. church; G. W. Alexander, Christian Church; L. W. Braden, Fifth Presbyterian church; Frank H. Leavering, First Baptist church; Mr. Lunt, Plymouth church; Charles Haynes, Meridian Street M. E. church; and John B. Sherman, Friends' church.

### Mr. Bagby and Concert Saloons.

To the Editor of The Indianapolis News:

In an editorial in yesterday's issue of The News on the subject of concert saloons, you do me injustice by assuming that I favor the establishment and toleration of the dens of infamy you describe. No inference could be more at variance with fact. I am as decidedly opposed to the toleration of the haunts of iniquity you speak of as any man in our community. As a matter of fact, however, concert saloons in some form exist in all of our large cities despite the laws against them and the efforts of the authorities to suppress them. It is a question in the minds of many whether it would not be better to recognize the inevitable and, as in the case of the liquor traffic, attempt by rigid legislation to regulate the establishment and management of these places, and thus mitigate the evils resulting from them, rather than pursue the futile course of the law, which, in most cases, has resulted in allowing the proprietors to pursue their own will. In Germany, I am informed, concert halls in which beer is sold are common, and are regarded by the law and the people generally as legitimate places of recreation and amusement. From this land ex-Mayor Medill, of Chicago, wrote a few years ago: "Drunkennes as seen in America is almost entirely unknown here." It is not strange then that the Germans, coming from lands in which these places were considered legitimate and harmless, should seek to establish places of similar character in their new home.

Now since it has been found impossible to prevent the establishment of concert saloons owing to the fact that they are demanded and patronized by so many, it is a question with me whether it would not be better to regulate them by rigid legislation which would leave in existence those only which are free from the vice of prostitution. On this question many, having in view the same ultimate object, differ widely and honestly. In supporting the ordinance prepared by the city attorney at the suggestion of the council, I believed that its rigid execution would result in the suppression of the "dens of iniquity" you allude to and condemn not more utterly and severely than myself. If, as Mr. Marsae claims, with the endorsement of The News, "concert saloons can not exist twenty minutes under a rigid enforcement of the clause of the law prohibiting the presence of lewd women," then all will have been accomplished and any opponent could wish their extinction.

I make no claim of infallibility for the views I hold, and though they are the result of a careful study of the subject, I should not have obtruded them upon the attention of the public but for the false position in which your editorial places me.

However widely my opinion on the subject may differ from your own, you will do me the credit to admit that a like opinion is held by many good men who are sincerely and devotedly attached to the cause of temperance and morality, and who would spurn as indignantly as yourself any proposition "to saddle on to the city licensed prostitution."

By inserting the above in the next issue of The News you will greatly oblige,

Yours truly,

ROBERT B. BAGBY.

[Mr. Bagby is at great pains to affirm that which he is careful to deny. We can not see but that he strongly establishes himself in the position The News ascribed to him. If he is satisfied that he has not, we are. We take it as a slander on the Germans, however, that it is they who want concert halls established. Concert halls in Germany are no more akin to the concert halls which come within the purview of the ordinance Mr. Bagby voted for than a flower is to a weed.—Ed. News.]

### The Truth of History.

In The News of yesterday, in speaking of the Episcopal convention, you esteemed the resolution of sympathy with the efforts making for the disestablishment of the English church "a demonstration of the low church." I beg to correct you. Merely mentioning the fact that the resolution named was offered by a delegate from Minnesota, (a diocese that is anything but low, as popularly understood), I assure you that disestablishment in England does not agitate our church; neither does it concern us. It cuts no figure whatever in our periodicals save as a matter of news, and is dismissed by no school of thought. Besides it is not advocated in England by the evangelical party, the head of which is Archbishop Tait, but by the "advanced" people led by Dr. Mackenzie et al., who are restive under the discipline of the church. As a fact, the old line between "high



# OPENING OF A NEW DEPARTMENT AT THE New York Store.

(Established 1853.)

PETTIS, IVERS &amp; CO.

Beg to inform the Ladies that they have opened a Department for the sale of

**LADIES' Muslin Underwear**  
AND  
**CORSETS,**  
AND  
**INFANTS' WARDROBES,**  
AND  
**WORSTED GOODS.**

The Department,

In charge of an efficient saleswoman, is located at the south end of the east room, where Ladies can be waited on with comfort and retirement. We cordially invite our friends and customers to visit this Department and examine a few of the wonderful Bargains we shall place before them.

KID GLOVES.

The "CECILLE" and "TREFOUSSE." We are Sole Agents in Indianapolis for the sale of these splendid Gloves, and now offer a full line of Three-Button "CECILLIES" in Myrtle Green, Plum, Navy Blue, Seal Brown and London Smoke.

JUST OPENED,

A LARGE AND COMPLETE LINE OF  
**Opera Kids,**  
Four and Six Buttons.  
\* \* Every article marked in plain figures.

PETTIS, IVERS &amp; CO.,

New York Store,

"BIG JOB"

IN

White Wool Blankets.

\$2.25 to \$6.75 a pair—two-thirds value. (This lot only.) TUCKER'S, No. 9 N. Penn. street.

INDIANAPOLIS

SAVINGS BANK.

66 EAST MARKET STREET.  
Depositors only are stockholders and receive entire net profits.  
W. N. JACKSON, President.  
JOHN W. RAY, Treasurer.

UNDERWEAR,

FOR

**LADIES,**  
Children and Men.

Just opened a large stock of the above goods, in all qualities. The BEST Low-Priced Goods in the market, at the

BEE-HIVE.

CLOSE &amp; WASSON.

CITY NEWS.

Warden Howard informs the state officers that he intends informing the guards of the southern prison.

The reception given by Dr. Andrus and wife at their residence last night was largely attended and the evening pleasantly spent.

The winter course of lectures of the Y. M. C. A. will be opened by Dr. De La Matry. The time and place will soon be announced.

At the Seventh Presbyterian church last night, Mr. James N. Church and Miss Emma J. Gillespie were married by Rev. C. H. Raymond. The church was crowded with their friends, and the floral decorations were profuse and elegant.

They met by chance in this city last evening: Detective Bligh of Louisville, Wapenstein and Cravens of Cincinnati, Murray and Pendergast of Columbus, Ohio, and Rathbone of the secret service bureau. Each and every one of them claimed to be in ignorance of the presence in the city of the others. The question at once arises, "What's up?"

Articles of association for the Delphos, Bluffton and Frankfort railroad company were filed yesterday. The amount of the capital stock is \$200,000, divided into 4,000 shares. The board of directors consist of: Cary A. Evans, David L. Williams, Joseph W. Hunt, Joseph Buchanan, William J. Craig, Joseph S. Daily and Joseph C. Silver. The first four are at Delphos, Ohio, and the last three are at Bluffton, Indiana. The length of the road is 95 miles.

## Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, October 18—7 a. m.

Cairo..... 67 SE cloudy  
Chicago..... 57 NE foggy  
Cincinnati..... 57 SE fair  
Denver..... 57 NE cloudy  
Detroit..... 57 NE cloudy  
Indianapolis..... 57 E cloudy  
Knox..... 57 N cloudy  
LaCrosse..... 57 N light rain  
Leavenworth..... 57 N light rain  
Louisville..... 57 SE fair  
Memphis..... 57 SE light rain  
Nashville..... 57 E cloudy  
New Orleans..... 57 E cloudy  
Omaha..... 47 NW cloudy  
Pittsburg..... 47 NW cloudy  
St. Louis..... 57 W cloudy  
St. Paul..... 47 N cloudy

IMPORTANT—Do not let your druggist palm off on you any new, cheap remedy for colds when you inquire for Dr. Ball's Cough Syrup or you will be disappointed. Price, 25 cents a bottle.

LARGE STOCK

OF

SCRAP PICTURES,

The Latest Thing in Visiting Cards

Bankers' Diaries for 1878,

FABER'S GOLD PENS,

AT

CATHCART &amp; CLELAND'S,

26 EAST WASHINGTON STREET.

Snyder's Curative Pads.

Worn over the parts affected, absorb all malarial from the system. They positively cure the worst cases of Liver, Lung, Heart, Kidney, Spine, Bladder and Womb ailments. Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation, Soreness at pit of Stomach or Bowels, Female Weakness, Sick or Nervous Headache, Chills and Fever, Dumb Ague, Restlessness, etc., may be entirely eradicated by wearing one of our Pads. Many of our best citizens can attest to their merit.

The Liver and Lung Pad \$2. Kidney and Spinal Pad \$3. Womb Pad for Female Weakness, \$3.00.

Ask your Druggist for "Snyder's Curative Pad," and take no other, or enclose the price in a letter addressed to H. ARMSTRONG & CO., 17 Indiana avenue, Agents for Indiana.

E. F. SNYDER & CO., Proprietors, Indianapolis, Ind. Sold by Druggists.

TRY

TAGGART'S

BREAD.

FILL UP

YOUR

Coal Bins

FROM OUR LARGE STOCK OF

COAL AND COKE.

We sell the BEST QUALITY and LOWEST PRICES. Don't fail to see us.

COBB &amp; BRANHAM.

OFFICE—S. W. corner Market and Delaware sts., Baldwin's Block.

COAL YARD—140 South Alabama street.

BUY YOUR

Coal and Coke

FROM

G. R. ROOT,

WHERE YOU CAN GET THE

BEST QUALITY,

FULL WEIGHT and

BOTTOM PRICES.

OFFICE—Northwest corner of Market and Delaware streets and 5 North Illinois st.

AYER'S

Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

This compound of the vegetable alternative, Sarsaparilla, Dock, Sillings and Mandrake, with the iodides of Potassium and Iron, makes a most effective cure of a series of complaints which are very prevalent and afflicting. It purifies the blood, purges out the lurking humors in the system that undermine health and settle into troublesome disorders. Eruptions of the skin are the appearance on the surface of humors that should be expelled from the blood. Internal derangements are the determination of these same humors to some internal organ or organs, whose action they derange, and whose substance they disease and destroy.

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA expels these humors from the blood. When they are gone, the disorders they produce disappear, such as Ulcerations of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Lungs, Eruptions and Eruptions of the skin, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Pimples, Pustules, Blisters, Boils, Tumors, Tetters and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Ulcers and Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pains in the Bones, Side and Head, Female Weakness, Sterility, Leucorrhoea arising from internal ulceration and urine disease, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Emaciation and General Debility. With their departure health returns.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., Practical and Analytical Chemists. Sold by all druggists and dealers in medicine. The (6)

Mrs. A. S. FOWLER

Would respectfully inform the LADIES that she is making Fashionable Suits from \$5 to \$10. Patterns, Cutting and Fitting a specialty. The French System taught of Dress Cutting and Designing, 50% East Washington.

PATTERN

SHOP—Metal and Wooden Models made. Johnson &amp; Co., 96, 98, 100 South Pennsylvania street.

## IT IS SETTLED

In Order to Consolidate My

Two Stores,

24 and 50 E. Washington St.,

AT AN EARLY DAY, I WILL CONTINUE TO

SELL AT

BOTH STORES,

My Stock of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks, Cane, Frames, Fancy Goods, Etc.,

At Less than Manufacturers' Cost.

I must sell Fifty Thousand Dollars worth AT ONCE, and, in order to do this, will hold

Two Auction Sales Each Day,

At 3 and 7 o'clock.

BOTH STORES open for private sale all hours of the day and evening.

HARRY CRAFT.

Great Reduction Sale

OF

Dress Goods

AT THE

BOSTON STORE

IMMENSE

BARGAINS TO BE HAD.

GREAT BARGAINS in all

and every kind of WORSTED

GOODS.

CHEAPEST BLACK CACH-

MERES ever offered in this

city.

Large stock of FRINGES to

match all colors.

Come early and avoid the jam.

Boston Store

THE

Mercantile Agency.

R. G. Dun &amp; Co.,

33 South Meridian Street.,

CONDIT'S STONE BLOCK.

JOHN KNIGHT,

Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer.

Wrought Iron Pipe and Fit-

tings, for Water, Steam and Gas.

Cast Iron Pipe and Fittings, Lead Pipe, Sheet

and Bar Lead, Iron and Brass Pumps, Rubber Hose

and Packing, Iron and Brass Cocks and Valves.

Supplies in general for Gas-Fitters, Machinists

Foundries and Railroad.

Illustrated Catalogue sent on application. Ad-

dress 110 and 112 South Delaware st., Indianapolis.

PENNSYLVANIA

MILITARY ACADEMY,

CHESTER, PENNSYLVANIA.

Opens September 12th. Location beautiful, grounds ample, buildings commodious. Thorough instruction in Civil Engineering, the Classics and English. Careful supervision of Cadets. For circulars, apply to HON. O. P. MORRISON, or Col. THEO. HYATT, President.

FRANKLIN

TYPE

FOUNDRY,

168 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

ALLISON, SMITH &amp; JOHNSON.

The Type on which this paper is printed is from the above Foundry.—[Ed. News.]

CHEAPEST AND BEST

WOOD AND COAL,

CORNER INDIANA AVENUE AND CANAL

PATTERSON &amp; DUNNING.

MUSIC.—Great Western Band.

Sixteen men. Engagements solicited. J. B. Cameron, Leader Band; Athelst Smith, Leader Orchestra; Abe Springsteen, Manager.

INDIANA DYE HOUSE.—48 Mass.

Ave.—Ladies' Dresses, Silks, Alpaca, Merino, Ribbon, Gloves, Sequins, Shawls, Blankets, Lace

Curtains, Velvets, cleaned, colored and finished with a lustrous like new goods. Gents' Coats, Pants and Vests cleaned, dyed, bound and finished equal to new. Please call and see.

(o) on 18

J. C. BRILL, Proprietor.

HAPPY RELIEF.

To all suffering from chronic diseases of all kinds. Confidential consultation invited personally or by mail. New method of treatment. New and reliable remedies. Books and circulars sent free in sealed envelopes. Address Howard Association, 419 N. 9th street, Philadelphia, Pa.—an institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill.

PATTERN

SHOP—Metal and Wooden Models made. Johnson &amp; Co., 96, 98, 100 South Pennsylvania street.

## OCTOBER MEETING.

CAPITAL CITY

DRIVING PARK

Association,

INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

OFFICERS.

W. B. PETTIT, President.

S. W. PATTERSON, Vice President.

GEORGE W. SCOTT, Secretary.

JAMES B. RYAN, Treasurer.

OCTOBER MEETING, 1877.

PREMIUMS, \$7,500.

October 23d, 24th, 25th,

26th and 27th.

MEMBERS OF THE

National Association

PREMIUMS.

FIRST DAY—Tuesday, October 23d.

1. PURSE \$600, for 2:25 CLASS.  
\$300 to First, \$150 to Second, \$90 to Third, \$60 to Fourth.

2. PURSE \$500, for 3-MINUTE CLASS.  
\$250 to First, \$125 to Second, \$75 to Third, \$50 to Fourth.

SECOND DAY—Wednesday, Oct. 24.

3. PURSE \$500, for 2:40 CLASS.  
\$300 to First, \$150 to Second, \$90 to Third, \$60 to Fourth.

4. PURSE \$400, for FACING CLASS.  
\$200 to First, \$100 to Second, \$60 to Third, \$40 to Fourth.

THIRD DAY—Thursday, October 25.

5. PURSE \$500, for 2:30 CLASS.  
\$400 to First, \$200 to Second, \$120 to Third, \$90 to Fourth.

6. PURSE \$300, for RUNNING RACE, MILE HEATS.  
\$200 to First, \$100 to Second.

FOURTH DAY—Friday, October 26.

7. PURSE \$500, for 2:35 CLASS.  
\$400 to First, \$200 to Second, \$120 to Third, \$90 to Fourth.

8. PURSE \$500, for 2:27 CLASS.  
\$300 to First, \$150 to Second, \$90 to Third, \$60 to Fourth.

FIFTH DAY—Saturday, October 27.

9. PURSE \$500, for 2:22 CLASS.  
\$400 to First, \$200 to Second, \$120 to Third, \$90 to Fourth.

10. PURSE FOR RUNNING RACE, 2 MILES, 2 HEATS.  
\$350 to First, \$150 to Second.

11. PURSE \$100, for SPANISH RACES.  
10-mile heat—free for all—no entrance fee.

PURSE \$1,500.—SPECIAL RESERVE.  
For Barus, Nettie, Great Eastern, Hopeful, Lucille, and others. Particulars to be made known hereafter.

Entries closed Tuesday, October 16, 1877, at 11 o'clock p. m., and should be addressed to:

GEO. W. SCOTT, Secretary,

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL, Indianapolis, Ind.

STOVES

At Prices to Suit the Times.

G. F. ADAMS &amp; CO.,

78 North Pennsylvania Street.

Scrapple.

Adams makes it, but

ask your Butcher or

Grocer for it.

SALISBURY, VINTON &amp; CO.

Central Paper Mill

Make the best article of

Newspaper.

The paper on which the Indianapolis Journal is printed is furnished by this mill.

THE SPLENDID

Base Burner

Has some advantages over any

other Parlor Stove in the market.

See it before you buy another

stove. We are selling all Stoves

at prices to suit the times.

MOTHERSHEAD, MORRIS &amp; CO.,

39 South Meridian St.

NO FAILURE KNOWN.

There is no case on record where Dr. Morris's Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Horsebalm has failed to give satisfaction. On the other hand, wherever it has been used by our people, in severe colds, coughs, asthma, bronchitis, croup, whooping-cough and consumption, they are enthusiastic in its praise. Containing no opium or other dangerous drug, it does not constipate, and is safe to administer in all conditions of health. This is an important announcement, and the suffering are advised to heed it. Large sizes, 50 cents and one dollar.

Sold by WARD BROS., 190 Fort Wayne avenue; J. W. Dyer, 34 East Washington street, and E. Martin, South Meridian street and Russell avenue.

Agents for Professor Parker's Pleasant Worm Syrup, which is sure death to worms. Pleasant to take, and requires no physic. Price, 25 cents. Try it.

(o) 18, 1878

## SPECIFICS.

SPECIFICS.

Dr. Von Moschzisker's

Specifics.

After many years of the most successful practice

in special diseases, with an unsurpassed experience

in the application of certain combinations in the

treatment of those diseases, Dr. Von Moschzisker

has been induced to place his remedies on the public

market, that they may be within the reach of all who need them.

CATARRH REMEDY.

For diseases of the Respiratory Organs, Throat,

Lungs, Chest Affections, both local and constitu-

tional. These remedies will cure the severest cases

of Catarrh, and should be used in accordance with

directions, such as extraordinary discharges from

the nose, offensive or otherwise, water dropping

into the throat from the head, loss of acuteness in

smell, taste or hearing; sharp pain in the head, and

unusual sensitiveness to cold.

EAR REMEDY.

Specific for discharge from the ear, arising from

Scarlet, Typhoid or other fevers or inflammation of

the inner ear. Also, a remedy for noises in the

head, and slight deafness from any cause.

Constitutional

REMEDY.

Alternative for purifying the blood, and beneficial

action upon the liver and kidneys. A constitutional

remedy for debility, arising from such complaints

as above mentioned. Excellent in all nervous mal-

adies and female diseases.

EYE WASH.

For inflamed and diseased eyes and for the pre-

servation of sight. This wash should be in the pos-

session of all who desire to keep their eyes in a

strong and healthy condition; especially students

and those whose occupation renders impaired sight

a necessity.

THROAT GARGLE.

For sore throat, generally accompanying, and

frequently following scarlet fever and measles, it is

invaluable. As a tonic for the voice, clergyman

and public speakers will find it valuable.

COUGH SYRUP

For coughs, whether arising from irritation of the

throat, bronchial tubes or lungs, this syrup will be

found most soothing and effectual.



